



EDWARD BYRNE MEMORIAL
State and Local Law Enforcement
Assistance Program

Bureau of Justice Assistance

□ □ □ □ □ □ 2003 ANNUAL REPORT

IDAHO STATE POLICE
Planning, Grants, and Research

CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	2
Byrne Subgrantee Projects Map.....	5
INTRODUCTION	6
Joint Planning Activities.....	6
Joint Funding Activities.....	6
Idaho Drug Strategy Mission.....	7
IDAHO DRUG STRATEGY COMPONENTS.....	8
EVALUATION PLAN	11
Evaluation, Monitoring and Reporting.....	11
Evaluation Flow Chart.....	12
SUMMARY OF PROGRAMS	
Drug Free Workplace	14
School Resource Officer.....	16
Multi-Jurisdictional Task Forces.....	18
Drug Court.....	20
Juvenile Drug Court.....	23
Gang and Drug Enforcement.....	25
Juvenile Domestic Violence Unit.....	28
Juvenile Detention Reform.....	30
Public Correctional Resources.....	32
Victim and Witness Services.....	34
Crime Analysis.....	36
Disrupting Illicit Commerce.....	38
DUI Prosecution Enhancement.....	39
Innovative Programs.....	41
Forensic Lab Enhancements.....	42
Evaluation.....	43
Criminal History Records Improvement.....	44
Summary of SAA Reporting, Monitoring and Evaluation Methods.....	46
EVALUATION ACTIVITIES	
Byrne Supported Task Forces - FY 02	
Needs Assessment - FY02	

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Executive Summary

The Idaho Drug Policy Advisory Board and the Idaho Criminal Justice Council are the criminal justice representatives who develop Idaho's Anti-Drug Abuse Strategy. The central purpose and mission of the strategy is to develop a working plan to reduce illicit drug use and its consequences.

The strategy sets the stage for a long-term planning commitment extending to the year 2003 to organize the resources needed for effective drug programs. As a comprehensive approach to addressing the needs of Idaho, the strategy is described under the following categories: Corrections and Treatment, Law Enforcement, Prevention, Adjudication, and Information Systems and Technological Improvements.

The Idaho Criminal Justice Council selected 47 projects to fund during the July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003 reporting period. Priority was placed on programs that cut across disciplines, including components such as treatment, training, interagency cooperation, and state of the art technology. The following table identifies program areas and funding levels.

The Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Formula Grant program has provided Idaho with vital seed money to fund state and local drug control projects. Idaho's rural communities would virtually go without specialized drug control measures without the assistance of the formula grant program.

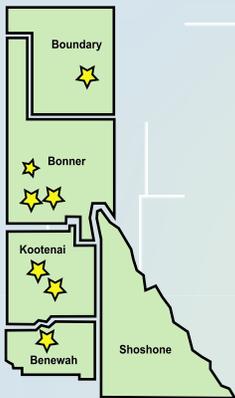
PROGRAM TITLE	NUMBER OF PROJECTS	STATE FUNDING	LOCAL FUNDING
Crime Analysis	1		\$ 50,481.00
Disrupting Illicit Commerce	1		\$ 20,923.00
Drug Free Workplace	1		\$ 44,550.00
Drug Court	6		\$ 335,949.00
DUI - Prosecution Enhancement	2		\$ 71,046.00
Evaluations	2	\$ 77,722.00	\$ 12,078.00
Forensics Lab Enhancements	1	\$ 54,413.00	
Gang & Drug Enforcement	5		\$ 149,199.00
Innovative Programs	1		\$ 30,300.00
Juvenile Detention Reform	1		\$ 129,028.00
Juvenile Drug Court	2		\$ 88,219.00
Juvenile Domestic Violence Unit	1		\$ 129,010.00
Multi-jurisdictional Task Force	9		\$ 537,335.00
Public Correctional Resources	7	\$ 161,089.00	\$ 250,980.00
School Resource Officer	2		\$ 94,614.00
Criminal History Records	1	\$ 66,295.00	\$ 90,579.00
Victim & Witness Services	4	\$ 103,748.00	\$ 83,434.00

An attempt was made to fund projects with the potential to have a considerable impact on the drug problem in Idaho. The success of these programs is in part evidenced by the accomplishments noted below:

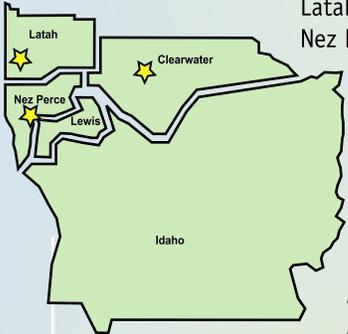
- Multijurisdictional Drug Task Forces removed the following drugs during this reporting period: 273 pounds of marijuana; 355 marijuana plants; and 2.2 pounds of meth. One of the Byrne-funded projects was involved in several complex criminal conspiracy cases in conjunction with the US Forest Service, US Customs, DEA and the US Attorneys office. One of these cases is being considered for adoption as an Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Team (OCDEFT) case.
- Provided a drug court that has had 454 participants enter the program with 177 graduating to date. The program currently has a retention rate of 66% of participants having graduated or still in the program with the opportunity to graduate and have charges dismissed.
- Provided a program which effectively assessed, intervened in, and provided appropriate services to youths who are juvenile offenders, and have also been victims of domestic violence. The program currently serves 43 clients/families in the community compared to 32 served last year at this time. Increased Foster care services have been made available.
- The Weiser Police Department Drug Education/Enforcement Project continues to be a successful project generating considerable community support. In the last year, the area has seen an increase in arrests, better court cases, and a reduction in open trafficking of drugs. The after school program is the strongest and most productive element of this project, with attendance topping out at 1,202 kids one month this summer.
- The Ada County Crime Analysis Unit was able to identify and utilize the most modern crime analysis/crime mapping software and integrate it with the current records management systems. They have been able to communicate with patrol teams and detectives on a daily basis through briefings and one-on-one contact and have established a weekly newsletter to keep each team informed about events that occur on other shifts.
- In one eastern Idaho county, a total of 32 DUI arrests were made and 7 saturation patrols were conducted during this reporting period.
- The Drug Free Workplace project, as of this date, has 11 Charter Associates, 45 Annual Associates, 45 companies conducting drug testing; and has helped administer over 1,300 drug tests. The project has also conducted training for supervisors and employees reaching hundreds of people in the Idaho workforce while also advocating a drug free workplace at numerous conferences and appearing on local television.
- The Idaho Department of Correction is in the first year of implementation of the Victim Services Project. The program is available to all victims of offenders who are under the supervision of

the Idaho Department of Correction. Training on the Victim Information and Notification Everyday system (VINE) has been provided to IDOC staff, advocates, and victims in all seven judicial districts of the state. A Community Notification System (CNS) was purchased for the state's northern facility and is designed to alert the community in case of emergency or escape.

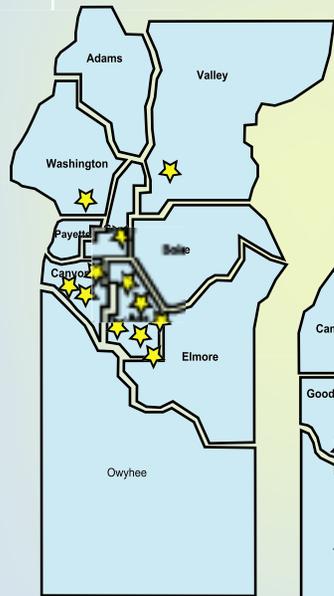
- Over this reporting period, the Idaho State Police Forensic Laboratory was able to respond to an additional 30 clandestine labs and 31 crime scenes. Over 1,600 overtime hours were spent responding to clandestine labs and crime scenes and analyzing the backlog of evidence. Equipment was purchased for the scientists to wear when responding to clandestine labs when the temperature is 80 plus degrees, preventing heat stroke or heat exhaustion.
- The Ada Sheriff's Youth Foundation has 27 partner elementary schools that refer at-risk children for scholarship assistance for afterschool programs. During the 2002-2003 school year, the Foundation has enrolled 426 students in activities.
- The Ada County Juvenile Detention Reform project continues to be very successful in the implementation of alternative detention methods. A sub-committee has revised the Standards for Detention and if accepted, will equate to approximately 250 fewer clients being detained a year. This positive trend is expected to continue in removing lower risk youth from detention without jeopardizing community safety.
- Clearwater County is using a K9 officer in the School Resource Officer project to patrol the schools and be available to attend athletic, academic, and social activities. A visible law enforcement presence compels law-abiding citizens, including concerned students, to be more willing to approach law enforcement officers about suspicious activities.
- The Department of Correction Drug Court Probation Officer project allows the department to assign a felony probation officer in each judicial district to a drug court, specifically in Judicial District Seven. Currently 34 of the 45 (75.5%) drug court participants are employed, exceeding the identified objective of 50%.



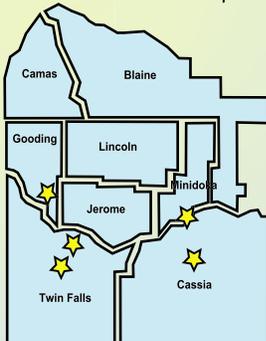
Benewah County Drug Court - Intensive Community Redirection Program
 Bonner County Prosecutor's Office - Drug Court
 Bonner County Sheriff's Office - Sundance Task Force
 Boundary County - Drug Task Force
 Coeur d'Alene Police Department - Crime Analysis Unit
 Kootenai County Prosecutor's Office - Drug Court Enhancement
 Sandpoint Police Department - SRO



Clearwater County Sheriff's Office - 4Kids
 Latah County Sheriff's Office - DUI Enforcement
 Nez Perce County Sheriff's Office - Investigations Unit

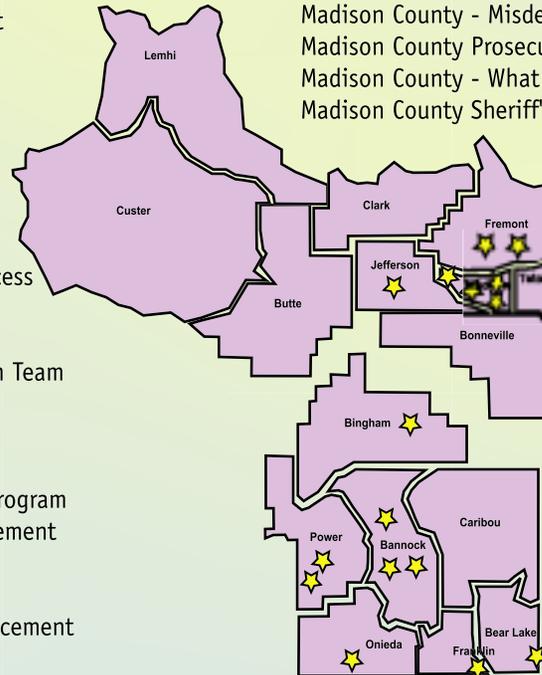


Ada Co Juv Court Services - Improving Court Process
 Ada Co Juv Court Services - Detention Reform
 Ada Co Juv Court Services - Relapse Prevention
 Ada Co Sheriff's Office - Early Intervention Action Team
 Caldwell Police Department - Crime Analysis Unit
 Boise Police Department - Operation Refund
 Garden City Police Department - BANDIT Support
 Gem Co Prosecutor - Victim Witness Assistance Program
 Mc Call Police Department - Technology Enhancement
 Nampa Police Department - Repeat Offenders
 Third District Court - Treatment and Prevention
 Weiser Police Department - Drug Education/Enforcement



Cassia Co Sheriff's Office - Mini-Cassia Task Force
 Gooding Police Department - Community Crime Reduction
 Rupert Police Department - DUI Driver
 Twin Falls Co Juvenile Probation - Intensive Supervision Program
 Twin Falls Juvenile Services - Corrections, Assessments, and Treatment

Byrne Grants 2003



Ashton Police Department - Evidence System
 Fremont County - Adult Misdemeanor Project
 Jefferson County - Adult Misdemeanor/Domestic Violence Probation Officer
 Madison County - Misdemeanor/DUI/Juvenile Drug Court
 Madison County Prosecuting Attorney's - Drug Task Force
 Madison County - What Works
 Madison County Sheriff's Office - K9 Project

Bannock Co - DUI Court Enhancement
 Bannock Co Sheriff's Office - Youth Camp
 Bingham Co Sheriff's Office - SRO
 Franklin Co Sheriff's Office - Drug/Gang Task Force
 Montpelier Police Department - K9 Project
 Power County - Drug Court Enhancement
 Power County - SRO
 Pocatello Police Department - Covert Surveillance
 Oneida County Sheriff's Office - Bear River Task Force

Statewide

Dept of Correction - Transitional Housing
 Dept of Correction - District 7 Probation Officer
 Dept of Correction - Victim Services Program
 Dept of Correction - GPS Monitoring
 Idaho State Police - Criminal History
 Idaho State Police - Intoxilyzer 500 Overtime
 Idaho State Police - Evaluation
 Idaho State Police - Latent Enhancement
 Idaho State Police - DEC
 Idaho POST - SRO Training
 Idaho Supreme Court - Juvenile Drug Courts
 Idaho State University - Anti-Terrorism Plan

Introduction

The Idaho Criminal Justice Community's strategic goal is to enhance the foundation of the criminal justice system to enable optimum enforcement efforts, incarceration and treatment of drug offenders, coupled with needed community education and awareness efforts, all directed toward eradicating drug-related and violent crime.

Planners realized treatment and education, coupled with law enforcement, is a viable approach to achieving a long range solution to the drug problem in Idaho. An attempt was made to fund projects with the potential to have a considerable impact on the drug problem in Idaho. Priority was placed on programs that cut across disciplines, including components such as treatment, training, interagency cooperation, and state of the art technology. Decision makers in Idaho have begun to realize the necessity of effective police programs that address and involve the total community in the criminal justice process. Many of the programs integrate public education, law enforcement, and treatment and rely on the community for support and constructive input.

Projects were funded at both the state and local level to address the above-mentioned priorities. At the state level, funding was directed at support programs that would enhance local initiatives.

Between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003, the state of Idaho funded a total of forty-seven projects in seventeen program areas. A summary of the activities carried out under the formula grant program and an assessment of the impact of such activities on meeting the needs identified in the state strategy is outlined in the summary of programs under the formula grant program.

Joint Planning Activities

Efforts are made to assure the coordination of program activities initiated under the enforcement, prevention, and treatment programs of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act. The Idaho Drug Policy Advisory Board provides a forum for this coordination, and includes representatives from all facets of the criminal justice community in Idaho, as well as representatives from the Idaho Department of Education and the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare. The Drug Policy Advisory Board and the Idaho Criminal Justice Council are responsible for identifying statewide priorities for the use of the Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Grant Program funds.

Joint Funding of Activities

The partnership between the federal, state, and local government levels has been especially productive for Idaho citizens. The Byrne Program, Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Program, Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for state prisons, STOP Violence Against Women Program, Project Safe Neighborhoods, statewide Drug Court funding, and COPS Program have increased the capabilities of local law enforcement agencies to address drug and violent crimes in Idaho. A portion of Idaho's Tobacco Tax revenue is also used to address the issues described in Idaho's Anti-Drug Abuse Strategy.

Idaho Drug Strategy Mission

The mission of the Idaho Drug Strategy is to develop a working plan to reduce illicit drug use and its consequences.

Goals: The Idaho Criminal Justice Community's goals are to reduce and prevent illegal drug activity and violent crime, and to improve the functioning of the criminal justice system. The expected results include optimum enforcement efforts, prosecution, and incarceration of drug offenders. This can be accomplished through federal, state and local efforts.

“Drugs drain our communities of life and deprive our citizens of the opportunities, prosperity, and safety they deserve. Confronting this problem requires a strong comprehensive approach, including enforcement, interdiction, prevention, treatment and international efforts.” Office of National Drug Control Policy

Acknowledging that anti-drug efforts do not occur in isolation and must be long-term in focus, a comprehensive multi-disciplinary effort is the only viable approach to finding long range solutions to the drug problem in Idaho.

Strategic Components

GOALS and OBJECTIVES

LAW ENFORCEMENT :

Optimize law enforcement capability to remove violent and predatory criminals, to arrest, prosecute, and dismantle criminal drug networks.

- 1: Increase the number of multijurisdictional drug task forces and the necessary tools to enhance their capability.
- 2: Increase multi-agency coordination, cooperation, and information sharing.
- 3: Increase the effectiveness of local police through the implementation of community and problem-oriented policing with a focus on youth and gang violence, drug related homicides, and domestic violence.

PREVENTION :

To deter first-time drug use among adolescents and other high-risk populations and to reduce the progression from casual use to addiction.

- 1: Increase drug and alcohol resistance education programs in all schools.
- 2: Increase adolescent programs which provide alternatives to violence.
- 3: Increase accessibility of treatment.
- 4: Support early identification and appropriate intervention programs for high-risk youth and families.
- 5: Decrease family violence through prevention, education and treatment.
- 6: Encourage private sector "no tolerance" policies in the workplace.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

BYRNE PROJECT INITIATIVES

Multijurisdictional Task Forces (9)

Local Law Enforcement Drug Task Forces pool resources and share information with state and federal agencies to maximize statewide coverage

Gang & Drug Enforcement (5); School Resource Officer (2); Innovative Projects: Early Intervention; Disrupting Illicit Commerce: Pawnshop Project

DUI Prosecution Enhancement (2)

School Resource Officer projects (2)

Education and Treatment projects: State correctional facilities and local jail inmate projects

Ada County Juvenile Detention Reform, Juvenile Domestic Violence Unit; Gang and Drug Enforcement

Innovative Projects: Early Intervention

Drug Free Idaho - Drug Free Workplace

Strategic Components

GOALS and OBJECTIVES

ADJUDICATION:

To facilitate the improvement of judicial processes and systems which will provide for enhanced accountability to the public and responsiveness to the criminal justice system.

INFORMATION SYSTEMS and TECHNOLOGICAL IMPROVEMENTS:

To facilitate infrastructure changes and technological advances within the criminal justice system.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

- 1: Encourage alternative sentencing programs for nonviolent offenders which incorporate accountability and tracking components.
- 2: Provide training for judges and prosecutors on the use of Drug Courts, legal issues, treatment intervention and domestic violence.
- 3: Increase the number of victim witness coordinators throughout the state.

- 1: Increase state laboratory capabilities.

- 2: Develop a statewide law enforcement information system database.

- 3: Increase the interoperability of local, state, and federal communication systems.

- 4: Increase efficiency of state wide planning and coordination.

BYRNE PROJECT INITIATIVES

Ada County Juvenile Domestic Violence Unit and Juvenile Detention Reform

Adult and Juvenile Drug Courts (8)

Victim Witness Programs (4)

Bureau of Criminal Identification, Criminal Justice Records Improvement - Five Percent (5%) Set Aside Plan - on file with BJA; Forensic Lab Enhancements

Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections, Idaho Juvenile Offender Information System

Statistical Analysis Center (BJS), Clearinghouse and Evaluation Unit project reports

The Governor's Executive Order No. 95-2 : The Criminal Justice Council and The Drug Policy Board for the State and Local Assistance for Narcotics Control Program

Ada County Crime Analysis Unit

Strategic Components

GOALS and OBJECTIVES

CORRECTIONS and TREATMENT:

To minimize risk to the public while providing services, program opportunities, and a continuum of care in the least restrictive environment to promote the offenders' successful integration into society and /or development of a lifestyle free of violence, alcohol and/or other drugs; and to demonstrate the importance of providing treatment to those who have started using drugs and may need a hand in stopping.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

- 1: Increase resources to counties to expand juvenile probation services.
- 2: Increase adolescent residential treatment services for Department of Juvenile Corrections.
- 3: Provide adequate secure facilities for juvenile offenders.
- 4: Provide criminal justice clients with a complete drug/alcohol assessment and treatment plan.
- 5: Continue to support expansion of drug education and treatment.
- 6: Continue to support urinalysis testing.

BYRNE PROJECT INITIATIVES

Ada County Juvenile Detention Reform, Juvenile Domestic Violence Unit

Twin Falls County Probation Corrections, Assessments, and Treatment; Twin Falls County Juvenile Probation Intensive Supervision Program; Teton County Juvenile Probation Drug and Alcohol Education and Treatment Services; Bannock County 6th District Court SHARE; Madison County What Works Expansion

State Corrections: Reception and Diagnostic
Idaho Department of Correction projects -Drug Court Probation Officer; Ada County Sheriff's Office, Early Intervention
Drug Court Programs

Evaluation Plan

In accordance with the National Institute of Justice (NIJ), in consultation with the Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA), and with reference to established guidelines for evaluation of programs, Idaho administers and implements program and impact evaluation efforts through the state evaluation unit as well as requiring subgrantees to include an evaluation component in each project. A report of evaluation efforts and findings are required quarterly.

The Evaluation Unit will:

- Require applicant agencies to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. This information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will also serve as a point of reference from which measurement may be made for continued program implementation and which will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions. This will be accomplished by providing technical assistance from the inception of the project through implementation.
- Ultimately utilize the goals, objectives, activities, and performance indicators identified in the projects. Evaluations will be designed to provide administrators and policy makers with an improved understanding of the success of the project, the activities of the accomplishing agency and state goals. This ensures the program will function efficiently and effectively. It is also an invaluable aid in planning, developing, and managing programs.
- Identify projects with innovative activities and those providing services of special interest for a comprehensive on-site evaluation.
- Provide projects with technical assistance and training for self-evaluation.

Evaluation, Monitoring and Reporting

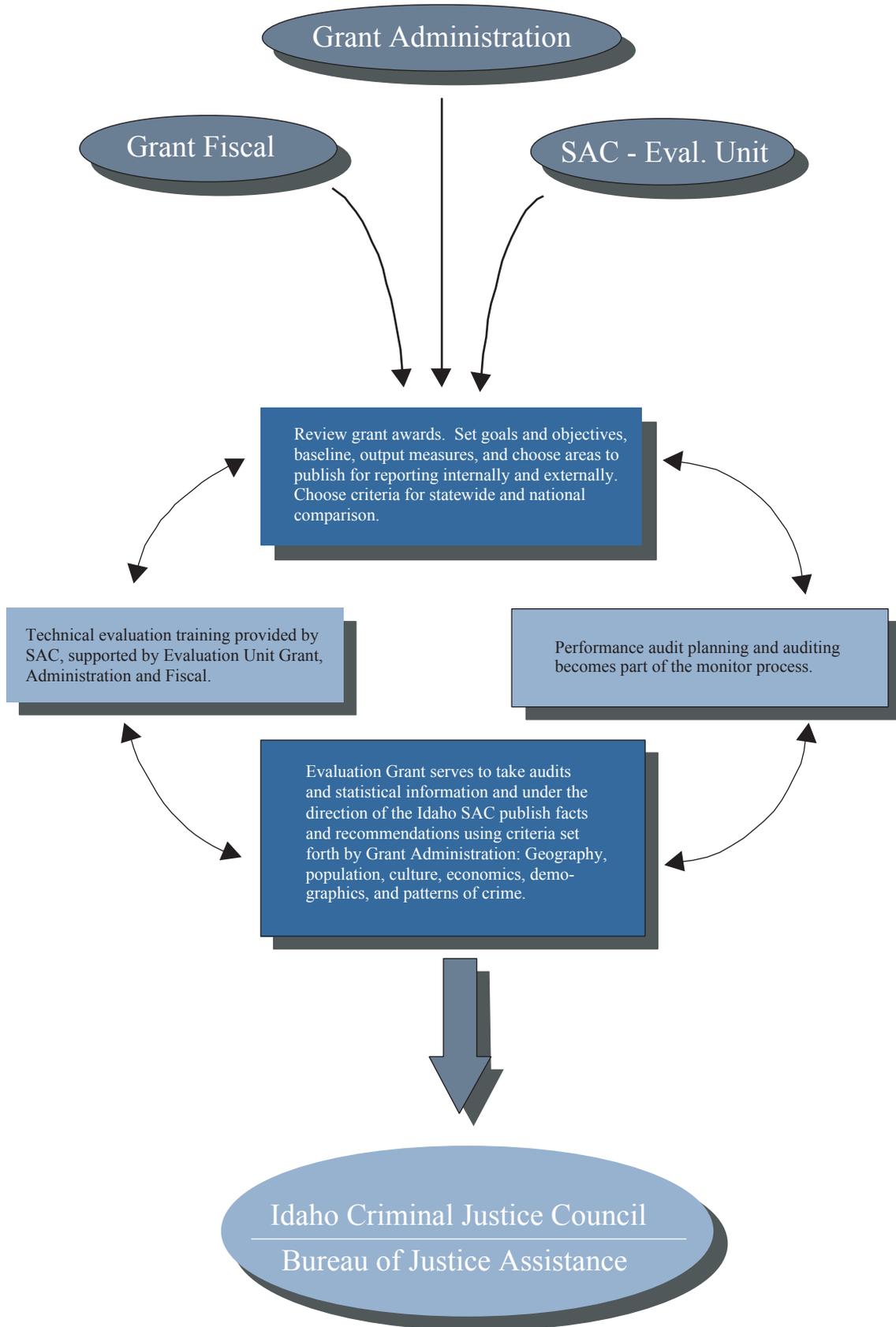
The Evaluation Unit will publish facts and recommendations. The Evaluation Unit keeps records of evaluation activities conducted by the unit, as well as other evaluations conducted by state or local agencies or individuals concerning grant funded projects. Copies of all completed or interim evaluation reports are sent to the Bureau of Justice Assistance. Evaluation findings and documentation are provided to state and local officials to assist them in developing and modifying the state strategy.

The programmatic and fiscal staff of the administrating agency conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the projects. The projects are required to submit quarterly reports on both the fiscal and program areas. This activity is tracked and projects are held accountable. Site visits are also conducted by Evaluation Unit staff to assist in monitoring/evaluating projects. Intensive evaluation of programs or projects of particular importance and relevance to the state strategy are currently underway. The findings of all evaluation efforts will continue to be integrated into the strategy development process.

The flow chart on the following page illustrates the Byrne grant evaluation and monitoring process.

Byrne Grant Evaluations and Monitoring Flow Chart

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Summary of Programs, Performance Measures, Evaluation Methods, and Evaluation Results

Drug-Free Workplace

Program Overview Information

One project, Drug-Free Workplace, Drug-Free Idaho, is located in the city of Boise, Idaho.

Total Byrne Funding \$44,550

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this program is to establish a higher quality of life in Idaho by creating the most competitive, committed, and safe workforce in America.

Objectives for the program include:

- Provide a single package drug-free workplace program for small and medium sized businesses at an affordable price.
- Provide a drug-free workplace certification process.
- Provide drug-free workplace assistance and educational resources.
- Facilitate a business network of drug-free workplaces.

Program Activities/Components

To provide support and expertise needed to implement drug-free workplaces in Idaho businesses statewide. The project's primary focus is to provide small and medium sized businesses access to a central depository for all elements of a drug free workplace program including:

- Written Policy
- Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention Training
- Drug Testing/Medical Review Officer
- Employee Assistance Program
- Continuing Education
- Consulting Services to Business Owners and Managers
- Develop Marketing Plan
- Legal Support
- Scheduled and Random Testing

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

- Documented internal operational procedures
- Number of Drug Free Business certifications
- Percent of illegal findings found with drug-testing lab
- Number of training/education programs used by businesses
- Drug free workplace criteria approved by State Insurance Fund
- Number of private insurance carriers that offer 5% reduction on worker's compensation insurance
- Survey feedback from businesses regarding training/education, consulting, and legal services
- Number of businesses referred to DFI

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain the identified indicators in order to provide documentation of program performance. Each funded project

will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

All projects are required to submit quarterly progress evaluation and financial reports, and an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. The statistical and anecdotal data will be compiled and analyzed across projects for use as the basis for modifying, strengthening and replicating projects.

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho's State Police Planning, Grants, and Research section conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

This project started operation in January of 2000. During that time, they have established a director, executive committee, and executive chairperson. A policy has been developed in conjunction with the Idaho Department of Labor and supports the objectives of the "Idaho Private Employer Alcohol and Drug-Free Workplace Act" Idaho Code Section 72-1701. A relationship has been established with the Employee Assistance Program of Idaho and education training has been given to Boise City officials. Most impressively however, as of this date, the project has 11 Charter Associates, 45 Annual Associates, 45 companies conducting drug testing; and has helped administer over 1,300 drug tests. The project has also conducted training for supervisors and employees reaching hundreds of people in the Idaho workforce while also advocating a drug free workplace at numerous conferences and appearing on local television.

School Resource Officer

Program Overview Information

The Idaho Criminal Justice Council selected two School Resource Officer (SRO) projects to be funded during this reporting period: Bingham County Sheriff's Office SRO project, and Clearwater County Sheriff's Office project, 4KIDS.

Total Byrne Funding \$94,614

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of the program is to provide a law enforcement resource program for students, faculty and parents which will insure the safety of students and faculty as well as decrease juvenile crime on campus.

The objectives include:

- Development of a program to provide a law enforcement resource within the school setting
- Implementation of law enforcement school resource program
- Reduction in juvenile crime on school campus

Program Activities/components

A Law Enforcement School Resource Officer program is based on the premise children are less likely to get involved in criminal activity if they understand and work with law enforcement agencies in a positive environment. The program assigns commissioned law enforcement officers to the schools to serve as resource persons, mentors, teachers, counselors, and peace officers. The program aims to develop positive relationships among police, students, parents, and school officials. Officers are responsible for establishing good relations with students and school officials along with using tactics designed to affect the local drug-abuse problem, including surveillance and field interviews with suspicious parties on or around school property. A visible law enforcement presence makes citizens, including concerned students, more willing to approach officers about suspicious activities.

Performance Measures/Indicators and Evaluation Methods

- Compilation of baseline data may include: tracking of occurrences of substance abuse, theft, vandalism, harassment, weapons violations, parking violations and fights on campus (compared to previous year(s)); tracking data regarding on and off campus involvement of students in violation of the law (if available); tracking truancy occurrences and comparing to previous year(s) (if applicable)
- Qualitative information regarding the impact of the presence of the SRO on campus.
- Qualitative communication between youth, law enforcement and school personnel.

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain the identified indicators in order to provide documentation of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

All projects are required to submit quarterly progress evaluation and financial reports, and an annual project

report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring will also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. The statistical and anecdotal data will be compiled and analyzed across projects for use as the basis for modifying, strengthening and replicating projects.

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho's State Police Planning, Grants, and Research section conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The officer serves as a deterrent to criminal activity as well as a positive role model for young people with whom the officer interacts. The program makes police department resources more accessible to students and their families. The School Resource Officer is able to provide more integrated services to the high-risk youth in the community.

The Law Enforcement School Resource Officer program assigns commissioned law enforcement officers to the schools to serve as resource persons, mentors, teachers, counselors, and peace officers. The program aims to develop positive relationships among police, students, parents, and school officials. Officers are responsible for establishing good relations with students and school officials along with using tactics designed to affect the local drug-abuse problem, including surveillance and field interviews with suspicious parties on or around school property. A K9 officer is being used in one of the projects to patrol the schools and be available to attend athletic, academic, and social activities. A visible law enforcement presence compels law-abiding citizens, including concerned students, to be more willing to approach law enforcement officers about suspicious activities.

A need has been identified throughout Idaho for the presence of law enforcement in the schools. Students' personal safety on school grounds, in playgrounds, ball parks, parking lots and inside the buildings is of utmost concern. The schools are reaching out to the law enforcement community to provide safety and support for faculty so they can provide education to youths in a crime-free and drug-free environment.

Clearwater County's 4KIDS project is using a K-9 to patrol the schools and be available to attend athletic, academic, and social activities. A visible law enforcement presence compels law-abiding citizens, including concerned students, to be more willing to approach law enforcement officers about suspicious activities.

Bingham County Sheriff's Office SRO project identified 4 assets from the 40 Assets survey to focus on this reporting period; Service to Others, Responsibility, Planning and Decision Making and School Boundaries. The SRO works with the area youth on these components to increase their perceptions of their value as community members.

Multi-Jurisdictional Task Force

Program Overview Information

Idaho has nine grant funded multijurisdictional task force projects: Garden City Police Department, Boundary County Sheriff's Office, Madison County Prosecutor, Moscow Police Department, Post Falls Police Department, Salmon Police Department, Bonner County Sheriff's Office, Nez Perce County Sheriff's Office and Cassia County Sheriff's Office.

Total Byrne Funding \$537,335

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of the organized crime narcotics trafficking enforcement program is to enhance, through jointly controlled operations, the ability of state and local criminal justice agencies to remove specifically targeted major organized crime narcotics trafficking conspiracies and or offenders through investigation, arrest, prosecution, and conviction. The program will formally structure and jointly coordinate multijurisdictional activities, resources, and function of law enforcement and prosecution agencies in the successful investigation and prosecution of multijurisdictional crimes and their perpetrators.

Objectives designed to aid in the achievement of this goal include:

- Investigation, prosecution, and conviction of violators of Idaho narcotics laws.
- Reduction of fractional and duplicate investigations and prosecutions.
- Enhanced recovery of criminal assets (e.g. assets acquired with funds traceable to criminal activity, assets used in the commission of crime, and contraband and stolen property).
- Increased use of civil remedies.

Program Activities/Components

Cooperative programs involving two or more separate law enforcement entities which have different jurisdictional responsibilities, with formal agreements to work together as a team to enforce drug laws, usually with a focus on street, mid or high level traffickers. In most cases the prosecutor is clearly integrated with the operations of a Multijurisdictional Task Force.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

Each Task Force is required to submit a quarterly Drug/Narcotics Project report developed by Planning, Grants, and Research. The reports include the following indicators:

- Adult and Juvenile Arrests
- Amount and type of material (guns, money, autos) seizures and forfeitures
- Drug/narcotics purchased by task force
- Drug/narcotics seized by task force
- Clandestine lab seizures

All multijurisdictional drug task force projects will be required to provide plans for evaluating their projects. Each project will indicate any further performance indicators that will be unique to their project. Performance indicators will be stated in measurable form (e.g. 10% increase in cases being processed).

The state evaluation staff will also evaluate performance by requiring each project to submit data gathering reports for each case initiated. A summary of task force activity is produced each year and distributed to each participant and BJA.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

Idaho has had up to fifty multijurisdictional task forces over the last fourteen years of federal funding. The multijurisdictional task force concept has enabled law enforcement agencies to draw on multi-regional resources to coordinate drug law enforcement activities which include investigating, arresting, and prosecuting both street level and upper level drug offenders. There are substantial differences in their objectives. The task force projects vary in geographical areas served, population, focus, and the number of assigned task force personnel.

Even though each task force is unique, increased communication among agencies and project personnel has been identified as a very positive outcome. Each project funded contains an evaluation component. Subgrantees are required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide an indication of program performance. This information not only details program progress and performance, but also serves as a point of reference from which measurements may be made for continued program implementation, and which allows for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

Idaho's nine local grant funded drug task forces removed the following drugs during this reporting period: 273 pounds of marijuana; 355 marijuana plants; and 2.2 pounds of meth.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, and an annual project report. Each task force is required to submit specified data on a quarterly basis. A copy of the Task Force Reporting form follows. The data collected from reporting has been used to produce the *Idaho Byrne Supported Task Forces - FY 02*, included in the Summary of Evaluation section of this document.

DRUG/GANG NARCOTICS PROJECT

QUARTERLY EVALUATION REPORT

Task Force Name _____

Today's Date _____ Grant Number _____

Prepared By _____ Telephone _____

Quarter (please check):

MARCH (1/1 TO 3/31) **JUNE** (4/1 TO 6/30) **SEPTEMBER** (7/1 TO 9/30) **DECEMBER** (10/1 TO 12/31) **FINAL**

Mail to: ISP/Planning, Grants, and Research Bureau, P.O. Box 700, Meridian, ID 83680-0700; by the 15th of the month following the close of the quarter.

ENTER INFORMATION FOR THIS REPORTING PERIOD (QUARTER) ONLY.

SECTION I. CASE INFORMATION

Cases initiated in this reporting period	Cases turned over to another agency(state, fed, etc.)	Cases Pending	Cases Closed	Cases you are assisting other agencies(other than Task Force agencies)

SECTION II. OFFENDER INFORMATION

Adults Arrested	Juveniles Arrested

SECTION III. GANG ARREST INFORMATION

Drug offenders arrested that are confirmed gang members	
ADULT	JUVENILE

GANG ACTIVITY INFORMATION

Number of confirmed gang events or crimes	Identified gang members	
	ADULT	JUVENILE

SECTION IV. PROPERTY INFORMATION

Property Seized			Property Forfeited		
ITEM	NUMBER	DOLLAR VALUE	NUMBER	DOLLAR VALUE	RETAINED FOR USE
Money/Currency (# of incidents)					
Vehicles					
Weapons					
House/Condo					
Other					

Comments:

QUARTERLY DRUG INFORMATION

NOTE: Use grams and/or units to indicate drug amounts. 1 oz = 28.35 grams 16 oz = 1 pound 1 Dose Unit = 1 pill, capsule, tablet, or stamp.

To Convert ounces to grams: Multiply the number of ounces times 28.35 and you will get the amount of grams.

SECTION V.					
DRUG TOTALS					
DRUG	AMOUNT BOUGHT	PRICE PAID	AMOUNT SEIZED	UNITS SEIZED	STREET VALUE
OPIATES					
Heroin					
Other					
CANNABIS					
Marijuana					
Marijuana Plant					
HALLUCINOGENS					
LSD					
Mushrooms					
Other					
STIMULANTS					
Cocaine					
Crack					
Methamphetamine					
Amphetamine					
Other					
DEPRESSANTS					
Barbiturates					
Other					
Other					
PARAPHERNALIA					
Unknown Drugs					
Other					
Other					
TOTALS					

SECTION VI.	CLANDESTINE LAB INFORMATION
TOTAL NUMBER OF LABS:	

Comments:

Drug Court

Program Overview Information

There are six projects funded under this purpose area: Ada County Drug Court, Jefferson County Drug Court, Bonner County Drug Court, Power County Drug Court Enhancement, Bannock County Misdemeanor/DUI/Drug Court, and Benewah County Drug Court.

Total Byrne Funds \$335,949

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this program is to promote recovery through a coordinated response to offenders dependent on alcohol and other drugs.

Objectives needed to accomplish this goal include:

- Development of a cooperative team including judge, prosecutor, public defender, probation and parole, corrections, treatment providers, and law enforcement.
- Development of program guidelines to include eligibility criteria, sanctions, and successful completion procedures.
- Development of a database tracking system.
- Implementation of referral and monitoring process.
- Assessment and urinalysis testing of applicants.

Program Activities/Components

Drug courts promote recovery through a coordinated response to offenders dependent on alcohol and other drugs. Realization of goals requires a team approach, including cooperation and collaboration of the judges, prosecutors, defense counsel, probation authorities, other corrections personnel, law enforcement, pretrial services agencies, evaluators, an array of local service providers, and the greater community. State-level organizations representing law enforcement and criminal justice, vocational rehabilitation, education, and housing also have important roles to play. The combined energies of these individuals and organizations can assist and encourage defendants to accept help that could change their lives.

The criminal justice system has the unique ability to influence a person shortly after a significant triggering event such as arrest, and thus persuade or compel that person to enter and remain in treatment. Research indicates that a person coerced to enter treatment by the criminal justice system is likely to do as well as one who volunteers for the same treatment.

There are ten key components of a drug court as established by "Defining Drug Courts: The Key Components - Contents" The National Association of Drug Court Professionals Drug Court Standards Committee 1997. They are:

- Drug courts integrate alcohol and other drug treatment services with justice system case processing.
- Using a nonadversarial approach, prosecution and defense counsel promote public safety while protecting participants' due process rights.
- Eligible participants are identified early and promptly placed in the drug court program.
- Drug courts provide access to a continuum of alcohol, drug, and other related treatment and rehabilitation services.

- Abstinence is monitored by frequent alcohol and other drug testing.
- A coordinated strategy governs drug court responses to participants' compliance.
- Ongoing judicial interaction with each drug court participant is essential.
- Monitoring and evaluation measure the achievement of program goals and gauge effectiveness.
- Continuing interdisciplinary education promotes effective drug court planning, implementation, and operations.
- Forging partnerships among drug courts, public agencies, and community-based organizations generates local support and enhances drug court effectiveness.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project's goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, plus an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring will also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes, and these data will be compiled and analyzed.

- Number of total clients screened for the program, entered into program, graduated from the program and terminated from the program
- Recidivism of current participants and charges
- Recidivism of graduates and charges
- Number of and percentage of males and females
- Percentage of male success vs. female success
- Number of and percentage of clients of ethnic backgrounds and percentage of each graduating
- Average age of client
- Where majority of referrals are coming from
- Referring offenses - DWI, possession, larceny, prostitution, etc.
- Number of participants who fail to appear at hearings and number of bench warrants issued
- Fines, fees, costs, and restitution paid by each client

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The Ada County Drug Court was previously established in the community using Department of Justice, Drug Court Program funds. The drug court has had 454 participants enter the program with 177 graduating to date. The program currently has a retention rate of 66% of participants having graduated or still in the program with the opportunity to graduate and have charges dismissed.

The Jefferson County Drug Court encompasses adult drug court in cooperation with the Madison County Juvenile Drug Court along with offering adult misdemeanor DUI/Domestic Violence program. Progress has been made with the availability of Spanish speaking A.A. meetings to accommodate those clients that were previously required to attend meetings in a bordering county.

During this reporting period, the Bonner County Prosecutor's Office increased the number of participants in the Drug Court by 9, with a total of 11 graduates to date. The drug and alcohol testing system is working well, with weekend testing offered for the first few months of the program.

Power County's Drug Court is in its initial funding year. To date, they have had 35 applications, accepted 31, and 7 participants, or 22%, have graduated the program. Behavioral based programs such as Cognitive Self Change, Breaking Barriers, and Moral Recognition Therapy have been implemented into the program.

Since its inception, the Bannock County Misdemeanor DUI Drug Court Enhancement project has served 29 participants, with 19 active, 7 graduates, 2 terminations, and 1 medical discharge. The drug court is considering allowing misdemeanor probationers to enter the program to increase participant numbers.

Benewah County's Drug Court program currently has 27 clients and 14 have graduated from the program to date. The Drug Court Team is working with treatment providers to re-identify the stages of treatment, adding several components to the final after-care phase.

Juvenile Drug Court

Program Overview Information

There were two projects funded under this purpose area: the Madison County Juvenile Drug Court and Mini-Cassia Juvenile Drug Court.

Total Byrne Funds \$88,219

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this program is to provide immediate intervention in the lives of children and parents using drugs or children exposed to substance addiction through family members. The court is structured through the ongoing, active oversight and involvement of the drug court judge.

Objectives of juvenile drug courts provide children with:

- An opportunity to be clean and sober
- Constructive support to aid them in resisting further criminal activity
- Support to perform well in school and develop positive relationships in the community
- Skills that will aid them in leading productive, substance-free, and crime-free lives
- Development of a database tracking system
- Implementation of referral and monitoring process

Program Activities/Components

Juvenile drug courts require special strategies to deal with the specific needs of juveniles who are still developing cognitive, social and emotional skills, and living within a social structure in which they are required to abide by laws specific to them. Also, they abuse substances for different reasons than adults and an effective court must treat them and the family. Enhancements made by a juvenile drug court versus a traditional court process include:

- Immediate intervention by the court and continuous supervision of the progress of the juvenile and family by the judge.
- Development of a treatment program, counseling and social services that address the family's needs.
- Immediate response by the court to the needs of the child and family to noncompliance by either the child or the family with the court's conditions.
- Judicial leadership to bring together the schools, treatment resources, public health services, social services, and other community agencies.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project's goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, plus an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring will also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes, and these data will be compiled and analyzed.

- Number of total clients screened for the program; entered into program; graduating the program; terminated from the program
- Recidivism of current participants and charges
- Recidivism of graduates and charges
- Number of and percentage of clients of ethnic backgrounds and percentage of each graduating
- Average age of client
- Where majority of referrals are coming from
- Referring offenses
- Fines, fees, costs, and restitution paid by family

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The Madison County Juvenile Drug Court/ Jefferson County Drug Court encompasses adult drug court in cooperation with the Jefferson County Drug Court along with offering a juvenile misdemeanor drug court program. A total of 26,928 jail days that could have been served by the participants in this project was reduced to 515 days as a result of the drug court process. A juvenile drug court policy manual has been completed and will be reviewed every six months or as needed. Groups offered consist of Motivational Enhancement, Cognitive Self Change I,II,III Education, and Individual Relationships.

The Mini-Cassia Juvenile Drug Court was funded for a 1 year project to expand the availability of existing substance abuse treatment and follow-up programs to all juveniles in the community, regardless of whether or not they are in the juvenile justice system. There are presently 13 individuals participating in the juvenile drug court program, 1 of which is a self-referral. Since the start of the program, there has been a total of 49 individuals referred into juvenile drug court, of which 10 declined, 12 were terminated, 2 quit, and 11 graduated.

Gang and Drug Enforcement

Program Overview Information

Five Gang and Drug Enforcement projects were operational during the reporting period: Franklin County Sheriff's Office (Gang & Drug Enforcement Task Force), Chubbuck Police Department (K9 Project), Nampa Police Department (Gang Violence Reduction), Weiser Police Department (Drug Education/Enforcement), and Mountain Home Police Department (K9 Interdiction Team).

Total Byrne Funding \$149,199

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of the program is to develop and implement a comprehensive Gang and Drug Unit/Task Force to institute activities that will significantly reduce gang and narcotics related crime.

Objectives include:

- Formation of a Gang and Drug Unit/Task Force to address the comprehensive approach to gang and drug related activities in communities.
- Implementation of Gang and Drug Unit/Task Force.
- Create a database of intelligence information, that adheres to CFR 28, Part 23 guidelines, on gangs, identify and document gang members and organized gangs.
- Reduce criminal gang activity.

Program Activities/Components

Gang and Drug Enforcement Unit/Task Forces are created to institute activities that will significantly reduce gang and narcotics criminal activities in local communities. A Gang and Drug Unit/Task Force will implement a comprehensive plan to patrol neighborhoods; track, document and disseminate information throughout neighboring law enforcement communities; and provide training on gang awareness to the schools, civic groups, law enforcement and the general public.

- Convene local criminal justice practitioners, youth service providers, school officials, teachers, community and civic group leaders, business owners, and local church groups to develop a comprehensive program to reduce criminal gang activities.
- Law enforcement staff training will include, but is not limited to, the following: gang awareness and identification, gang dynamics, creative gang prevention, community mobilization, basic narcotics investigations, and advanced narcotics investigation.
- Distribute information to surrounding criminal justice agencies by creating a database of information; increase awareness among criminal justice professionals, school officials, teachers, students, and the general public regarding gang and narcotics related activities; purchase necessary equipment for covert surveillance, enforcement and intelligence data collection.

- Apprehend and prosecute criminal offenders; analyze and utilize intelligence information collected to create innovative approaches to reduce criminal gang activity; educate both law enforcement and local citizens on gang awareness; incorporate into the school system a Gang and Narcotics awareness program to help youth understand the destructive repercussions of being involved with gangs and narcotics.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies will be required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research conduct regular on-site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgrant projects and obstacles encountered.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, and an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. The statistical and anecdotal data will be compiled and analyzed across projects for use as the basis for modifying, strengthening and replicating projects. Data collected has been analyzed and included in the *Byrne Supported Task Forces - FY 02*, which is included in the Summary of Evaluation Activities appendix.

Performance Measures can include:

- Number of arrests
- Amount and type of narcotics seized/purchased
- Documentation of innovative approaches
- Track numbers of criminal organizations, active gang members, and confirmed gang-related crimes
- Number and type of arrests by confirmed gang members
- Number of pertinent incidents of gang related graffiti
- Sharing of general gang information with surrounding criminal justice agencies
- Gang education and prevention programs at schools and to the public
- Measure of community involvement and youth involvement in programs through surveys and interviews

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

In Southeast Idaho, the Chubbuck Police Department's K9 Project has been involved in 48 incidents ranging from vehicle searches to area and building searches. During those incidents, the K9 conducted 20 vehicle searches and 10 building searches for narcotics. During one search, officers located a boxed meth lab in a residence. The K9 is present at all three elementary schools and attends regular DARE classes.

The Franklin County Sheriff's Office Drug and Gang Task Force was able to join several other local task forces already in operation in the same county and surrounding counties. Due to the communication that was established and the intelligence gained, they have been able to make arrests and identify local area drug networks. They have seen a significant reduction in the obvious illegal use of alcohol by minors. The agency also conducted presentations to the community regarding gang activity in the area.

The Nampa Police Department's Gang Violence Reduction Program has been extremely active. The project allows for a Gang Specialist to go out into the community and combine efforts with DARE and SRO officers. To date, over 200 gang related education courses have been taught to over 4,000 students. They have also presented the gang crime education and prevention programs in Psychology, Sociology, and Criminal Justice classes at two local universities. Through the Gang Specialist Coordinator's assignment to the FBI gang task force, a relationship was built with the ATF, DEA, INS and the FBI. The project has purchased a database system which allows them to track not only gangs and gang members, but affiliations, marks, and numerous other valuable data. During the past reporting period, 20 gangs and 430 gang members have been identified.

The Weiser Police Department Drug Education/Enforcement Program continues to be a successful project generating considerable community support. In the last year, the area has seen an increase in arrests, better court cases, and a reduction in open trafficking of drugs. The after school program is the strongest and most productive element of this project, with attendance topping out at 1,202 kids one month this summer. It appears the program is reaching the target group, but only time will tell as by next year, some of the original kids will be entering high school and will have to make those hard decisions.

The Mountain Home Police Department K9 Interdiction Team is completing its first year of operation. The K9 was purchased, trained and State of Idaho certified. The K9 has been successfully deployed in the Patrol Division and he and his handler are a visible law enforcement element in the community.

Juvenile Domestic Violence Unit

Program Overview Information

There is one (1) project funded under this purpose area: Ada County Juvenile Court Services, Domestic Violence Unit.

Total Byrne Funds \$129,010

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this program is to develop and implement a Domestic Violence Unit (DVU) at the Juvenile Court level to effectively assess, intervene in, and provide appropriate services to juvenile offenders who are also victims of domestic violence.

Objectives for the program include:

- To develop referral criteria for youthful offenders, who are also victims, to receive assessments and intervention/prevention plans through the DVU.
- Provide personnel to coordinate and conduct assessments of youths that meet the criteria.
- Develop a team which may make recommendations to the court regarding: a juvenile's potential for further violence in the community, appropriate accountability measures, a prevention/intervention plan for his/her own victimization, placement back into the home, compliance with court orders, electronic monitoring, etc.
- Provide personnel for case management and coordinate services for intervention/prevention plans.
- Recruit and train specialized short-term foster care families for offenders.

Program Activities/Components

This program allows for the development of a Domestic Violence Unit at the Juvenile Court Services level. The unit would be responsible for the development of prevention and intervention plans that will allow the court to operate efficiently and effectively in holding youths accountable and breaking the cycle of violence that occurs in families. The unit will heighten the court's awareness of the problem, provide assessments of youths referred to the unit, develop specialized short-term foster care and provide case management.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho State Police Planning, Grants, and Research conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project's goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, plus an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. Statistical and anecdotal data from the project will be compiled and analyzed.

- Referral criteria finalized
- Case plans developed for juveniles within the unit
- Provide case management services
- Foster care families trained and in place

- Statistical data such as: number of juveniles who participate, number referred more than once, number of status offenders who would have otherwise been placed in secure detention, number returned to their homes, and number continued in foster care.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

This program currently serves 43 clients/families in the community compared to 32 clients/families served last year at this time. The Intervention Plan includes regular visits by the DVU Case Manager (as well as probation). When an intervention plan is developed, the projects provide specific, measurable goals and objectives for treatment. Part of the plan lists who is to be responsible for the coordination of services, treatment, and follow-up on the client and the client's family compliance.

The Case Manager has recently established contact with a group of four specially trained and licensed foster care families in the community that may be willing to provide foster care for DVU youth. The program has also participated in community groups such as the Ada County Domestic Violence Task Force, Ada County Multidisciplinary Team on Child Abuse, ACJCS Sex Offender Screening Team, VISION group, and the Independent Living Skills group sponsored by Idaho Youth Ranch.

Juvenile Detention Reform

Program Overview Information

There is one (1) project funded under this purpose area: Ada County Juvenile Court Services, Detention Reform.

Total Byrne Funds \$129,028

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this program is to begin the process of juvenile detention reform in Idaho counties and to develop and implement community-based alternatives to secure juvenile detention.

Objectives for the program include:

- To reduce the number of alleged delinquents who fail to appear in court or commit a new offense
- To use limited juvenile justice resources in a more efficient manner by developing alternatives to secure confinement
- To improve conditions and alleviate overcrowding in Idaho's secure juvenile detention facilities.

Program Activities/Components

To demonstrate jurisdictions can establish more effective and efficient systems to accomplish the purposes of juvenile detention. To eliminate the inappropriate or unnecessary use of secure detention; to minimize failures to appear and the incidence of delinquent behavior; to redirect public finances from building new facility capacity to responsible alternative strategies; and to improve conditions in secure detention facilities.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho State Police Planning, Grants, and Research conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project's goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, plus an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. Statistical and anecdotal data from the project will be compiled and analyzed.

- The approval and use of a detention risk assessment for placement decisions
- The number of youths released from detention into alternative detention resources
- Identification of case processing delays and recommendations for and implementation of procedures to address delays resulting in diverting or less lengthy stays in detention for inappropriate youth
- Reduction in the current failure to appear rate and the new crime commission rate of alleged delinquents who are awaiting completion of case processing pre and post assessment instrument
- Collection of statistical data to evaluate reduction in re-offenses
- Increase in number of youths placed into community based alternative programs

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

This program continues to be very successful in the implementation of alternative detention methods. A sub-committee has revised the Standards for Detention and if accepted, will equate to approximately 250 fewer clients being detained a year (based on FY2001 data). The current length of stay has decreased from the baseline of 26 days to an average of 11 days. This positive trend is expected to continue in removing lower risk youth from detention without jeopardizing community safety.

Public Correctional Resources

Program Overview Information

Idaho has funded seven projects under this program area. Projects with local agencies include: Bannock County 6th District Court, SHARE; Teton County Juvenile Probation Drug and Alcohol Education and Treatment Services, Twin Falls County Corrections, Assessments, and Treatment (CAT), Madison County What Works Expansion, and Twin Falls County Juvenile Probation Intensive Supervision Program (ISP). There are two projects with Idaho Department of Correction including RDU Assessment and Drug Court Probation Officer.

Total Byrne Funding \$412,069

Goals and Objectives of the Program

To fund corrections improvement programs which provide additional resources or options within correctional settings, including programs for inmates, probation/parole, juveniles and/or persons outside the prison/jail industries.

Objectives for the program include:

- Provide more appropriate intervention for youthful offenders who are not career criminals, but who, without intervention, are likely to become career criminals or serious offenders.
- Provide the degree of security and discipline appropriate for the offender involved.
- Provide diagnosis, treatment, and services that will enable the offender to pursue a course of lawful and productive conduct after release from legal restraint.
- Reduce criminal recidivism by offenders who receive alternative sanctions, thereby reducing the cost of correctional services and facilities.

Program Activities/Components

These programs seek to establish a continuum of services designed to break the cycle of substance abuse and crime. Most projects work with other agencies and community service organizations to achieve program goals and reduce substance abuse. Even though program activities may vary, many include intensive substance abuse treatment, relapse prevention, pre-release programs, and aftercare services.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain the identified indicators in order to provide documentation of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial reports, and an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. The statistical and anecdotal data will be compiled and analyzed across projects for use as the basis for modifying, strengthening and replicating projects.

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of the Idaho State Police, Planning, Grants, and Research

section conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of projects.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The Twin Falls Juvenile Probation Intensive Supervision Program for Status Offenders (ISP) was funded to meet and identify treatment needs of juveniles ages 6-17, and their parents, for drug and alcohol abuse and inappropriate behaviors. Through the use of a structured case-management contract, the program provides referrals for mediation, counseling, and parental responsibility strategies to provide an environment for reducing recidivism.

The Twin Falls Juvenile Services Corrections, Assessment and Treatment (CAT) project is designed to teach protective factors and critical life and social skills through interaction with juveniles, their parents, the community, and the correctional system. A control group will be monitored weekly through the use of entrance surveys and exit surveys. Currently the population being served consists of both males and females ages 6-17 years. The surveys capture data such as age, ethnicity, parental structure, and scholastic achievements. Based on the exit surveys, the clients rated their experience of the program an average of 8.36 based on a scale of 1-10.

Bannock County's Sheriff Help and Recovery Environment (SHARE) project addresses the intense outpatient treatment needs of inmates at the Bannock County Jail. The project also offers aftercare services and strives to accommodate inmates on work-release. The treatment coordinator recently received training on Moral Recognition Therapy that combines both Breaking Barriers and Cognitive Self Change I. This new program will be implemented in the coming quarter. According to the case filings in Bannock County over the last 10 years, there has been a dramatic decrease in misdemeanor DUI's and a substantial reduction in felony DUI's since the implementation of the SHARE program.

The Madison County "What Works Expansion" project was funded to reduce the gap in services by providing Phases II and III of Cognitive Self Change to participants in several surrounding counties. CSC II is being provided on an average of twice per week in each county misdemeanor and felony drug courts and CSC III is being held once a week. A Dual Diagnosis group for clients with mental health and substance abuse issues was implemented and currently has 8 participants. Women's Issues, relationship groups, and alcohol/drug education groups are all facilitated using a Cognitive Behavioral approach.

Teton County "Juvenile Probation Drug and Alcohol Assessment and Treatment Project" provides drug and alcohol treatment groups and individual counseling, one 10-week parenting class, and a 12-week cognitive education class. There has been as high as 10 juveniles in the drug awareness class and 4 individuals receiving one on one counseling. Feedback from the parents of clients on probation has been very positive.

The goal of the RDU Assessment project is to implement a complete risk and needs assessment for women at the Pocatello Women's Correctional Center. The project hopes to eliminate potential weaknesses in subjective instruments and a previously poor testing environment by producing easily understandable and usable information and creating unified files for routine reviews. Most importantly the project makes recommendations based on offenders' needs instead of programs available at a particular facility.

The Department of Correction Drug Court Probation officer allows the department to assign a felony probation officer in each judicial district to a drug court, specifically in Judicial District Seven. Currently 34 of the 45 (75.5%) drug court participants are employed, exceeding the identified objective of 50%. The officer attends all weekly court staffing sessions, court sessions, and has weekly contact with all drug court participants.

Victim and Witness Services

Program Overview Information

Four (4) projects provided victims and witnesses information and notification regarding criminal justice proceedings and procedures. Lemhi County Prosecutor's Office DUI Prosecution Enhancement and Domestic & Family Violence program, Gem County Prosecutor's Office Victim Witness Assistance program, Owyhee County Probation Office of Community Justices, and Idaho Department of Correction Victim Services program were all active during this reporting period.

Total Byrne Funding \$187,182

Goals and Objectives of the Program

To provide services to benefit victims and witnesses, and to increase conviction rates with the cooperation of victims and witnesses in the criminal justice system.

- Development of a program to provide victim and witness services.
- Increase quality and strength of victim/witness testimony, thereby increasing conviction rates.
- Implementation of victim and witness services.

Program Activities/Components

These programs will provide increased court-related services, court information, referrals, and the coordination of public and private efforts to assist crime victims and witnesses. The services include, but are not limited to, the following: client needs, evaluation, support, and education on court proceedings, notification of court dates, and referral of clients to available community services.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies will be required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but may also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions. The following indicators will be reviewed for process evaluation of this project.

Performance measures include:

- Track victim/witness contacts
- Track conviction rates
- Track demographics which may include such things as sex, age, race, etc.
- Assist victims in seeking restitution
- Increase efficiency in notifying victims of changes in offender status or custody

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

Lemhi County has shown an increase in DUI arrests, with a total of 59 during this reporting period. 15 drug convictions were reported this year, and county and city officers were trained on the Intoxilyzer 5000. The Prosecutor's office, together with the Lemhi County Crisis Intervention Center, provided training for all Lemhi

County sheriff's officers as well as the Salmon City police officers in domestic violence investigation.

Currently the Gem County Prosecutor's Office has provided 78% of victims with a victim's rights brochure and contact is established in 96% of felony cases and 89% of misdemeanors with victim injury and or trauma within 24 hours of the report. The coordinator and other involved agencies attended training on victims' rights and other victim witness issues.

Owyhee County Office of Community Justice conducted training sessions regarding restitution covering who is eligible, how a victim applies, and ways to collect. The services provided by this program continue to be literature distribution, victim contact, court appearances, and community outreach. It is clear that with the implementation of this project, many more victims have access to the system and seek assistance.

The Idaho Department of Correction is in the first year of implementation of the Victim Services Program. The program is available to all victims with offenders who are under the supervision of the Idaho Department of Correction. Training on the Victim Information and Notification Everyday system (VINE) has been provided to IDOC staff, advocates, and victims in all seven judicial districts of the state. A Community Notification System (CNS) was purchased for the state's northern facility and is designed to alert the community in case of emergency or escape.

Crime Analysis

Program Overview Information

One project, Crime Analysis Unit, is located at the Ada County Sheriff's Office.

Total Byrne Funding \$50,481

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this program is to increase efficiency in preventive patrols; increase arrest rates and solution rates of Uniform Crime Report part one crimes, especially burglary, felony theft and drug crimes; and to establish a centralized unit to analyze information within an agency.

Objectives for the program include:

- To provide current information that not only reports what crimes (especially property and drug) are occurring but what geographic, criminal characteristics (m.o.), and other trends exist as well as what known offenders and outstanding arrest warrants exist in patrol areas.
- To identify, forecast and report related crimes by similarities or trends, types of crime, and geographic or spatial similarities, type and time of year, day of week, and time of day patterns.
- To identify and report related crimes by similar crime characteristics including point of entry, targeted property, tools or weapons, and identifiable opportunities for crime.
- To share this information for the best advantage against crime including patrol, detectives, gang deputies, other law enforcement, school administrators, city administrators, probation and parole officers, and all other agencies who share the desire to impact crime and the fear of crime in the communities of Idaho.

Program Activities/Components

This program allows for law enforcement agencies within the state of Idaho to generate and use data in coordination with offender information, field interview card input, and arrest information to not only generate historical data but also forecast possible problem areas and make informed decisions on the best use of resources.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but may also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

Performance indicators include:

- An ability to direct patrols and field contacts to specific areas and to recognize specific suspect and crime characteristics with specific purpose in reducing identifiable crime trends.
- An increase in the number of arrests for felony property crimes, especially burglary and felony theft.
- An increase in the Uniform Crime Report solution rate for burglary and felony theft crimes.

- Crime clearances that are directly attributable to being identified and linked through crime analysis that otherwise would have gone unnoticed as being connected to an arrested suspect and therefore not cleared.

The programmatic, fiscal, and evaluation staff of Idaho State Police Planning, Grants, and Research department conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project goals, objectives, and activities to verify and document the success of the projects.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The Ada County Crime Analysis Unit was able to identify and utilize the most modern crime analysis/crime mapping software and integrate it with the current records management systems. They have been able to communicate with patrol teams and detectives on a daily basis through briefings and one-on-one contact and have established a weekly newsletter to keep each team informed about events that occur on other shifts.

The Crime Analysis Unit (CAU) was asked to be a team member of the Critical Incident Task Force which includes several local law enforcement agencies. The unit is responsible for providing maps of the area involved in any investigation of an officer-involved incident where serious bodily harm or death occurs, which involves an officer from one of the participating agencies. The CAU will also collect all audio devices and make copies of them for investigators. The CAU continues to provide agencies with orthophotography pictures of crime scenes and surrounding areas. Also, the unit has begun the process of integrating other local agency's data into its crime mapping software to allow for a better picture of crime trends.

Disrupting Illicit Commerce

Program Overview Information

One project, the Pocatello Police Department Pawnshop Project was funded this reporting period.

Total Byrne Funding \$20,923

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this program is to enhance the ability to identify, arrest and prosecute suspected drug traffickers/users through identification, processing and recovery of stolen property pawned at local pawnshops.

Objectives for the program include:

- Disrupt illicit commerce in stolen goods and property by using modern technology to communicate with pawnshops
- Improve statistics of stolen property recovery and property/drug crime case clearance

Program Activities/Components

This program would require existing and future pawnshops to participate/use a computerized reporting system to report pawn transactions to a central database. Regular and timely NCIC inquiries would occur to link pawned property with known stolen property.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but may also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

Performance indicators include:

- Number of items pawned on a monthly basis
- Number/value of stolen property pawned and recovered on a monthly basis
- Number of property/drug crimes cleared

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

This project encountered numerous obstacles in its initial implementation. Re-writing the city ordinance and adapting for compliance with pawnshop owners, delays in software delivery, and legal issues with the database provider were all instrumental in the slow progress towards meeting goals and objectives. Currently, however, all but two of the pawnshops are on-line (due to equipment setbacks) and all the disputes have been resolved. Manual entry has been reduced considerably. Programmatic reporting will continue until such time as all goals and objectives of the grant are met.

DUI Prosecution Enhancement

Program Overview Information

The Idaho Criminal Justice Council selected two DUI Prosecution Enhancement projects to be funded during this reporting period: Bingham County Sheriff's Office, DUI Enforcement Officer, and Latah County Sheriff's Office DUI Enforcement program.

Total Byrne Funding \$71,046

Goals and Objectives of the Program

To improve law enforcement's ability to locate and accurately test drunk drivers/alcohol related cases, increasing prosecution convictions.

Objectives required to achieve the goal include:

- Achieve more consistent convictions and sentences through stronger evidence.
- Enhance prosecution and conviction through creditable expert testimony.
- To identify and report related crimes by similar crime characteristics including point of entry, targeted property, tools or weapons, and identifiable opportunities for crime.
- To share this information for the best advantage against crime with patrol, detectives, deputies, and others who share the desire to impact crime in the communities of Idaho.

Program Activities/Components

This program will enhance prosecution of DUI cases and other violations relating to alcohol use. The program will provide the latest technology in alcohol/breath analysis and law enforcement training. This program will achieve more consistent convictions and sentences through stronger evidence, and provide consistency with law enforcement handling of DUI cases.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

- Number of officers receiving training
- Number of training hours received
- Number of specialized certificates
- Number of DUI arrests
- Number of DUI convictions

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The Bingham County Sheriff's Office project continues its success through its final funding year. During this reporting period, the DUI office was responsible for 24% of all charges of DUI made by the Bingham County Sheriff's Office. A total of 161 surveys were collected reflecting statistical data about all crimes that relate to this program. The results show that more than 80% of people surveyed agree that Bingham County is doing everything within its power to enforce DUI laws.

The Latah County Sheriff's Office DUI Enforcement program got off to a good start in its first year of operation. During this reporting period, a total of 32 DUI arrests were made and 7 saturation patrols were conducted. Several positive newspaper articles were published emphasizing the early success of the project.

Innovative Programs

Program Overview Information

Idaho has funded one project under this program area: the Ada County Sheriff's Office Early Intervention Action Team.

Total Byrne Funding \$30,300

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this project is to increase early intervention/prevention opportunities through school site-based, extra curricular activities utilizing resources available in the community that provide a connection between the youth and an appropriate adult role model.

The objectives established by the projects are:

- Expand the number of schools offering school site-based activities
- Expand number of activity opportunities with each of the Early Intervention Action teams
- Increase participation beyond current enrollment

Program Activities/Components

This project encourages schools to offer site-based activities by informing them about successful projects and providing funding support. The program has a proven strategy to identify and intervene in the lives of at-risk children, at an age when attitudes can be redirected in positive ways.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

Performance measures include:

- Number of schools requesting funding for site-based activities
- Number of new activities at individual schools
- Identify initial needs/risk factors and measurable success of each referred student & siblings using Risk Factor Checklists
- Attendance and participation of EIA team members and number of referrals

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The Ada County Sheriff's Youth Foundation has 27 partner elementary schools that refer at-risk children for scholarship assistance for afterschool programs. During the 2002-2003 school year, the Foundation has enrolled 426 students in activities. The number of schools participating through the Byrne Grant has increased from 9 to a total of 17 and 3 site-based programs were available through the summer months.

Forensic Lab Enhancements

Program Overview Information

Idaho has funded one project under this program area: the Idaho State Police Forensic Lab Enhancement.

Total Byrne Funding \$54,413

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The goal of this project is to provide crime laboratory services to support the prosecution of violent and predatory criminals and dismantle criminal drug networks.

The objectives established by the projects are:

- Maintain minimal lab turnaround time
- Provide overtime hours to Forensic scientists to gather and process evidence for meth labs and crime scenes

Program Activities/Components

This program will aid in the reduction of turnaround of time for crime scene and clandestine lab related scenes. It will allow forensic scientists to gather and process evidence while giving them the ability to troubleshoot problems, and support local efforts with expert testimony.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies are required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

Performance measures include:

- Number of overtime hours paid
- Number of clandestine lab investigations
- Number of crime scene investigations

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

Over this reporting period, the Idaho State Police Forensic Laboratory was able to respond to an additional 30 clandestine labs and 31 crime scenes. Over 1,600 overtime hours were spent responding to clandestine labs and crime scenes and to analyze the backlog of evidence. Equipment was purchased for the scientists to wear when they respond to clandestine labs when the temperature is 80 plus degrees, preventing heat stroke or heat exhaustion.

Evaluation

Program Overview Information

Two (2) projects were funded under this program area: Department of Corrections, Research Team and the Idaho State Police, Byrne Evaluation Unit

Total Byrne Funding \$89,800.00

Goals and Objectives of the Program

To provide useful, methodologically sound evaluation documentation to a variety of stakeholders for use in making program decisions and enhancements.

Objectives for the project include:

- Identify evaluation needs.
- Use sound methods to design, conduct, and document an evaluation.
- Disseminate evaluation results to a wide range of stakeholders.

Program Activities/Components

The purpose of evaluation is to assess how well projects have been implemented, to determine the extent to which activities have achieved goals, to assess the success/impact of the program, and to report the prospects of replicating the project.

Performance Measures and Evaluation Methods

During implementation of the program described, participating agencies will be required to track and maintain certain program information in order to provide some indication of program performance. Each funded project will have specific indicators unique to its project. While basic in nature, this information will not only provide an indication of program progress and performance, but will also serve as a benchmark for continued program implementation and will allow for comparison with similar program efforts in other jurisdictions.

Performance indicators include:

- Number of completed process or outcome evaluations disseminated to stakeholders
- Qualitative information regarding impact of evaluations on project

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The Department of Correction has established a research team comprised of three members. During the reporting period the team has reviewed all reporting processes for programs they may be evaluating in the future to insure good data sets. The Research Team is continuing with the migration of existing data sets into the Offender Management Plan. Currently, results of the outcome studies are distributed to stakeholders throughout the state including the Governor's Office and the state Legislature.

The Idaho State Police Evaluation Unit developed and distributed a statewide Needs Assessment survey in order to compile data on what areas of crime have decreased and increased in the state in order to assess the current law enforcement needs within the state.

Criminal History Records Improvement

Number of Projects/Sites

One project has been funded to utilize the five percent set aside: Idaho State Police, Bureau of Criminal Identification (BCI).

Total Byrne Funding \$156,874

Goals and Objectives

The goal of the project's improvement plan is the removal of obstacles to accurate, complete, and timely criminal history records.

Objectives of the project include:

- Increase the quality and timeliness of arrest information and fingerprint impressions submitted to the State's central repository.
- Increase interagency cooperation and compliance with policies and procedures relating to the criminal justice record repository.
- Increase the quality and timeliness of arrest disposition information.
- Increase data accuracy, completeness, and timeliness by implementing a well designed, fully functional computerized criminal history records system.
- Develop and maintain a records system that is compatible and integrated with the emerging national criminal justice information environment.

Program Activities/Components

- Support and expand remote printing of arrest fingerprint cards transmitted from local livescan booking systems to the central repository.
- Assist local agencies in procuring livescan systems to improve the quality and timeliness of arrest information reported to the central repository.
- Assist local agencies in linking livescan systems with local jail management systems and with the central repository.
- Support a livescan users group.
- Implement a data quality assessment program that will review records held by the central repository and the source records and reporting practices of local agencies.
- Continue support of the ILETS Users conference.
- Implement a plan for establishing an electronic link with the Department of Correction offender information system.
- Support court research of missing dispositions.
- Study prosecutor automation and information system integration.
- Enhance programming support of the Records Management System (RMS).
- Upgrade the communication protocol drivers for the upgrade RMS and for Idaho Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (ILETS) switcher software
- Initiate planning activities relating to state participation in the national initiative encouraging the integration of justice information systems.

Program Accomplishments and Evaluation Results

The CJRI Plan is a comprehensive document, which provides an update on goals, objectives, initiatives, and obstacles encountered. Additional copies are available upon request. The 2003 conference was held in May, 2003 and approximately 190 representatives from local, state, and federal agencies attended. The conference included presentations designed to improve agency compliance with state and federal policies relating to submitting information to the National Crime Information Center (NCIC).

GENERAL SUMMARY OF SAA REPORTING, MONITORING AND EVALUATION METHODS FOR ALL PROJECTS

The programmatic, fiscal and evaluation staff of Idaho State Police, Planning, Grants and Research conduct regular site visits to monitor the progress of the Byrne formula subgrant projects. The staff looks very closely at project goals, objectives and activities to verify and document the success of subgranted projects.

All projects are required to submit a quarterly progress evaluation and financial report, plus an annual project report. The data collected for reporting, documentation, and monitoring may also be used for process and impact evaluation purposes. The statistical and anecdotal data will be compiled and analyzed across projects for use as the basis for modifying, strengthening and replicating projects, as well as to provide a yearly update on progress in implementing and assessing the program.

Supplemental Information and Documentation
